Secures the Housatonic System.

## ALL SHOUT FOR HARRISON

### Enthusiastic Jollification Meetings Held With Much Noise in Indiana.

Even the Most Luke Warm Are Pleased wi the Action at Minneapolis and Announce Larger Majorities for Harrison.

## JOLLIFYING EVERYWHERE,

Republicans of Bleomington Formally In dorse the New Ticket.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. BLOOMINGTON, Ind., June 11 .- The Repul licans held a large convention to-day. Hon, N. L. Browning presided. The following ticket was nominated: For auditor, William Blair; treasurer, James T. Robertson; sheriff, Wilson Adams; coroner, James D. Maxwell; surveyor, Elmer Buskirk; county assessor, George Weich; commissioners, Robert Stewart, Jacob Carmichael. The following resolution was unanimously

adopted: Be it resolved by the Republicans of Monroe county, in convention assembled, that, having heard of the selection of Benjamin Harrison as the Republican candidate for the presidency, we do most heartily indorse the action and congratulate Indiana on the selection, for the second

term, of her neble son.

Resolved, That it is with special gratification that we receive the unanimous nomination of Whitelaw Reid for Vice-president, he, who for twenty years, advocated and fought for the cardinal principles of the Republican party, and for the election of Harrison and Reid we shall use all our efforts.

Ratification at Seymour. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

SEYMOUR, June 11 .- One of the most enthusiastic ratification meetings ever held in this city is in progress here to-night. A torchight procession, headed by bands of music, with a number of hastily-prepared banners, appropriately inscribed, marched through principal thoroughfares, followed by a large crowd of the most jubilant and noisy people, old and young men and boys. The tin horn played a prominent part in the hands of the small boy and girl. Flags were displayed, cannon boomed, the fireworks were brilliant and beautiful, and a number of enthusiastic speeches were made, heartily indorsing the national ticket.
The citizens were out en masse, and the Republican campaign of 1892 in Seymour has been formally opened under the most favorable auspices. Hurrah for Harrison and Reid, and the American idea of protecting home industries.

### More Noise than a Little.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. NEW CASTLE, Ind., June 11.-They ar making so much noise that one can't think. Nine hundred and ninety-nine out of every thousand Republicans of this city were heart and soul for the renomination of President Harrison. The other was for Blaine on the ground of personal friendship. A score of Democrats are here who will support the great ticket nominated at Minneapolis yesterday. A mammoth procession, headed by two bands and a drum corps, and containing at least a thousand tin borns and borse fiddles is shouting itself hoarse, and driving the Democrats almost to suicide. No such demonstration was ever made in this city, and if earnest enthusiasm means anything old Henry county will give the ticket a greater majority than they did four years ago. The Democrats are beaten; they know it and the most candid ones admit it.

Three Cheers for the New Ticket. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

RUSHVILLE, Ind., June 11 .- The Republicans of Rush county met to-day, and, after organizing, with E. H. M. Berry as presiding officer, and indorsing, by three cheers, the national candidates and the platform, proceeded to nominate the following ticket: Representative, Gates Sexton; anditor, P. F. Mullen; clerk, Thomas W. Green; treasurer, Thomas A. Jones; sheriff, Benjamin F. McFarlin; surveyor, Alonzo Stewart; assessor, R. R. Spencer; coroner, F. G. Hackleman; commissioners, Allen Henchman and Samuel Patton. The ticket is regarded as one of especial strength, the candidates being very active in political work. Gates Sexton, the candidate for Representative, is a son of Lieutenant-governor Sexton, and will add strength to the Republican side of the next House of Representatives.

Ratification at Lafayette.

Special to the Indiana rolis Journal. LAFAYETTE, Ind., June 11 .- The Tippecance Drum and Bugle Corps, which did such valiant service at Minneapolis in the interest of General Harrison, reached home at 8 o'clock to-night. They were met by a large crowd at the depot and heartily welcomed. They marched to the Southstreet depot, where they arrived in time to welcome the Columbia Club of Indianapolis, saiuted them and then returned to the court-house square, where they were presented with a handsome flag, the offering of the women of this city. Ex-Representative William Haggard made the presentation speech, responded to by Thomas Burt, president of the club, and by proseenter William Wood. Rev. George Stanbury made a short talk, congratulatory of the outcome of the convention. Editor S. Vater spoke, and the Drum Corps boys, weary with their marches, went home.

Democrat for Harrison. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

CRAWFORDSVILLE, Ind., June 11 .- The Republicans of this city and county are very much elated over the renomination of Benjamin Harrison, and will work as one man for his re-election. When the news was received of his nomination three cheers were given for Harriand now can be seen pictures him displayed in many windows. followers of Blaine were few One Democrat remarked yesterday that after the splendid contest made by Harrison in the convention, he would vote for him this fall. C. N. Williams returned from Minneapolis this morning, and the others from here will be back by to-morrow noon. The nommation of Mr. Reid for the vice-presidency is regarded as a stroke of diplomacy. This is another Harrison year.

Chicago Will Ratify in Grand Style. CHICAGO, June 11.-Preparations are being made for a big Republican ratification meeting and love-feast at the Auditorium on Monday evening, under the auspices of the local Republican clubs. Governor Mc-Kinley, Hon. J. Sloat Fassett of New York, and Hon. John M. Thurston, of Nebraska, have promised to be present and help inaugurate the campaign, and efforts are being made to secure the presence of Hon. Chauncey M. Depew, Hon. Thos. B. Reed, Hon. Joh. J. Ingails, Congressman Burrows, Senator Spooner and others. Either Senator Cullom or ex-Gov. Richard Oglesby will preside. Governor Fifer was expected to do so, but illness prevents.

Harrison Shouts at Elkhart.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. ELKHART, Ind., June 11 .- The Republicans of this city and surrounding country turned out en masse to-night in procession. headed by bands, to ratify the nomination of Harrison and Reid. The Young Men's Republican Club, the bicycle club, mounted on wheels and carrying lanterns, a glee else that could boom the occasion was out. Hotels, business-houses and residences displayed flags and bunting. The Harrison feeling here is very strong and will draw from the Democratic ranks, if present expressions go for anything.

Jubilant at Rossville. Special to the Indianapolts Journal.

ROSSVILLE, Ill., June 11 .- President Harrison never had a warmer supporter than the Hon. J. G. Cannon, nor is there another district in the Union more loyal to him. His renomination and the nomination of

Wilson of Danville, Republican candidate for State's attorney, was the orator of the

Porter County Republicans. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

VALPARAISO, Ind., June 11 .- The Republicans of Porter county held one of the most enthusiastic conventions this afternoon ever held in the city. An exceptionally strong county ticket was nominated, as follows: Representative, George C. Gregg; treasurer, Marten Young; sheriff, Heber Stoddards; assessor, Andrew Zorn; coroner, Dr. Hayes Coates; surveyor, Henry Runken; commissioners, Riter Lindall and James Carson. Cheer after cheer followed the mention of President Harrison's name. A resolution indorsing the action of the Minneapolis convention, and eulogizing the nominees, was adopted. The following delegates were elected to the judicial convention: Prof. W. H. Banta, Joseph Blatchley, T. H. Lewis, Hon. Nelson Barnard, George Wilcox, Amos Lantz, J. E. Bryant, S. Lewis, I. M. Dillingham, Charles Westfall and Hanry Cilbertson. Westfali and Henry Gilbertson.

Republicans Well Pleased.

Special to the Indiapapolis Journal. MATTOON, Ill., June 11.-Mattoon Republicans held an impromptu Harrison and Reid ratification meeting to-night, Hon. Horace S. Clark making a stirring speech to a multitude of people on the streets. The tin-horn enthusiast was heard from at every turn. Republicans here are fully as well pleased with the candidate for President as they would have been had he been from the Sucker State, and they will roll up big majorities for the ticket.

Jollifications Elsewhere.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. BLUFFTON, Ind., June 11 .- People here are very enthusiastic over the renomination of President Harrison, and a grand jollification was held to-night in honor of the victory of Indiana's favorite son. A large crowd assembled at Curry's Opera-H. Hood of Warren, Dr. A. L. Sharpe, Judge C. R. Wilson, J. J. Todd and others addressed the meeting. Harrison is popular with the masses here, and will, without doubt, increase his vote over that of

TIPTON, Ind., June 11.-Tipton Republicans went almost wild with enthusiasm over the announcement of Harrison's nomination and Democrats were correspondingly depressed. Within five minutes after the receipt of the balletin giving the result of the ballot, flags and Harrison's portrait were displayed on the streets. The Young Men's Republican Club burned pounds of powder. Harrison reduced the Democratic majority in this county, in 1888, to its lowest mark and we promise to make further reduction in 1892.

GREENSBURG, Ind., June 11.—The nomination of Harrison and Reid was ratified by the firing of anvils and the blowing of horns here to-night. Judge John D. Miller, Judge W. A. Moore and others addressed the crowd. Decatur county will roll up a good round majority for the

MITCHELL, Ind., June 11 .- The Republicans here are elated over the nomination. and held a grand ratification meeting tonight, jollifying with music, bonfires and speeches. Addresses were made by Hon. W. H. Edwards, Dr. G. W. Burton and

Madison, Ind., June 11 .- A rousing Republican ratification meeting was in prog-ress at the court-house to-night, addressed by Sidney Haigh, Argus Vanosdol, Marcus Sulzer, William Ameden and others.

At Other Points. SAN FRANCISCO, June 11.—The Republicans celebrated Harrison's renomination by a street parade and display of fireworks. A large mass-meeting was held, at which a number of speeches were made ratifying the nomination.

CINCINNATI, O., June 11.-Harrison's nomination was celebrated here to-night by the Lincoln Club with fire-works. speeches and brass bands. Arrangements were made to meet the Blaine Club on its return from Minneapolis to-morrow. Houston, Tex., June 11 .- The nomina-

tion of Harrison was received with any-Republicans. The leading men in that wing of the party were for Blaine, McKinley or anybody to defeat Harrison. The office-holders and colored wing are, however, satisfied.

LOINGS OF A MANIAC.

Passancers and Employes of a Railway Train Terrorized by a Whisky-Crazed Drummer.

HOLLY, Mich., June 11 .- Samuel Johnson. a commercial traveler living in Boston. came here from Milwaukee last night and took a train at Grand Haven for Detroit this morning. When the train reached Durand Johnson pulled out a revolver. After terrifying the passengers he went to the baggage-car, taking possession of it at the muzzle of a pistol and driving out the messenger and his assistant. When the train arrived here the man, who was evidently crazy, ordered the conductor to start the train again. The conductor refused to comply and Johnson fired several shots at him, but all went wide of the mark. He then jumped on the engine and compelled the engineer to go ahead. The train had gone but a short distance when the mark is the short distance. tance when the maniac leaped off and fired a volley at the engineer, who escaped without being hit. The mad-man then started for the outskirts of the town with a crowd of men and boys in his wake. The sheriff finally captured him and took him to jail after several shots had been exchanged be-tween them. It was found that Johnson was suffering from an acute attack of alco-

# OBITUARY.

Col. Leonidas L. Polk, President of the National Farmers' Alliance. WASHINGTON, June 11.-Col. Leonidas L. Polk, president of the National Farmers' Alliance, died at Garfield Hospital, at 11:15 this morning. His remains were taken to Raleigh, N. C., to-night for interment.

Colonel Polk was a relative of President Polk. He was a native of North Carolina, where he was born about fifty-five years ago. His education was received in the common schools. During the war he served for a time in the confederate army and resigned to go to the Legislature, to



which body he had been elected. Later. he filled, for several years, the office of Commissioner of Agriculture for North Carolina, and later still he began the pubheation of the Progressive Farmer, which he managed for a long time. At the time of his death he was serving his third term as president of the body to which he has given so much of his time and attention. Colonel Polk's home was at Raleigh, N. C. He leaves a wife and three children. Colonel Polk was of great value to his party as a stump speaker and was an able writer on topics of particular interest to the farmer. The People's party will meet in convention in Omaha in about a month and the probability is that had Colonel Polk survived he would have been nominated for President or Vice-president of the

ticket in the field.

party, should they have decided to put a

German resident of this city, aged sixty years, arose at 5 o'clock in her usual good breakfast, when she was suddenly stricken with heart failure and died in a few minutes. She leaves a busband and five grown

GENERAL WEATHER BULLETIN.

Forecast for Sunday. WASHINGTON, June 11 .- For Indiana-Slightly warmer; south winds and fair

weather; continued warm and fair Monday. For Illinois-Continued warm weather; south winds and fair; fair Monday. For Ohio-Fair weather: south winds and warmer, except along the lake shore

stationary temperature; continued warm

and fair Monday. Weather Conditions-A slight high pressure area covers the middle Atlantic States and continued clear and pleasant weather east of the Alleghenies. The light southerly winds on the west margin of this area will bring increased heat as it moves over the Atlantic States. Unless some marked change takes place there will likely be a heated period in the Atlantic States for several days. The low barometer area that has been over the Northwest is central over North Dakota. No rain has fallen with this storm depression. This marked cyclonic area has been phenomenal in its unprecedented direction of movement and dryness. There has been no rain over any section of the

country except in Montana. The high temperature in the West results from the warm winds from the South. This will cause a continuance of heat for several days from the central valleys eastward. That local rains and storms will occur in the Northwest is no longer expected. The cyclonic disturbances re-

Local Weather Report.

Indianapolis, June 11. Time. | Bar. | Ther. | R. H. | Wind. | Weather. | Pre 7 A. M. 30.00 71.2 68 S'east Cloudless 0.00 7 P. M. 29.92 83 52 South Cloudless 0.00 Maximum température, 87.2; mimimum temperature, 63.7. The following is a comparative statement of the temperature and precipitation of June 11: Normal....

Mean....

Departure from normal..... Excess or deficiency since June 1. Excess or deficiency since Jan. 1 .. -149 C. F. R. WAPPENHANS, Forecast Officer.

Ninety-Eight in the Shade. KANSAS CITY, June 11 .- Yesterday was the hottest day of the season here, the thermometer at 4 o'clock in the afternoon registering 980 in the shade and 1150 in the sun. Three cases of sun-stroke were reported to the police, and two of them will probably terminate fatally.

Movements of Steamers. LONDON, June 11. - Sighted: Roman Prince, Moravia, Waesland and Bothnia, from New York.

NEW YORK, June 11.—Arrived: Norman-nis from Hamburg: Etruria, from Liver-Made Insane by the Keeley Cure. CHICAGO, June 11 .- In the insane courts, jury has returned a verdict in the case of

Mary Belcher, a Michigan woman, setting forth that the cause of insanity was taking the Keeley cure at Dwight, Ill., where she had been treated for the morphine habit. Should Not Stand Under Trees. Louisville, June 11.—At Paris, to-day, Charles Rea and Will Hadden, both

colored, were struck by lightning while standing under a tree for shelter. Rea was was killed and Hadden fatally injured. J. Prook Nicholson's Suicide. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. DECATUR, Iil., June 10 .- J. Prock Nicholson, who, two years ago, attempted to kill

himself, committed suicide with a pocket-knife. He was a veteran of the late war. Mr. and Mrs. Blaine at Bar Harbor. BAR HARBOR, Me., June 11 .- Mr. and Mrs. James G. Blaine arrived on the 10:15 train this morning and were driven direct to "Stanwood," their summer residence.

Preserved Strawberries. Philadelphia Record. There is no berry more delicious when preserved than the strawberry, and none more difficult to put up successfully. The flavor of the berry is so evanescent that it entirely disappears in canning. It re-quires a rich syrup to hold this delicate flavor, and therefore strawberries should always be preserved. Select perfectly ripe, fine flavored fruit for this purpose. The most delicious preserves in the world are made of wild strawberries. Hull the strawberries, and as soon as you have about a pound ready weigh them and put them with three-quarters of their weight of sugar in a porcelain-lined kettle. Continue till the kettle is nearly full, then set them at the back of the stove. When the strawberries are well covered with juice bring them forward where they will boil up rapidly. Stir them only enough to prevent their burn-ing. After they have boiled rapidly for ten minutes, skim them carefully and begin putting them into cans, which should stand in boiling water to prevent the hot preserve cracking them. Seal them up metantly as tightly as you can. Wipe off each bottle as it is filled and sealed, and stand it on a paper on the kitchen table till cold. When cold screw up again and set it away. These preserves will keep more securely if the bottles packed in sawdust. Another method is to preserve the berries exactly as directed, using a pound of sugar, in place of three-quarters of a pound, to every pound of berries. When the preserves are ready to put into cans pour them into tumblers instead, and set the tumblers, covered with glass, in a "broiling" hot sun for two days. At the end of this time cover them with brandy papers, and seal them up under a layer of cotton-wadding tied or sealed closely over them, but not in such a manner as to rest on the preserve. If you prefer seal up the preserves in paper instead of wadding, though this is not the newest method. The last preserve is very rich, but too candied and sweet to be agreeable to every one's taste.

To Tan a Sheepskin.

Bural World. This is the way to tan a sheepskin. As soon as the skin is removed from the carcass sproad it out smoothly on the ground, bair-side down; rub in a mixture of powdered alum and table salt. This mixture should consist of one-third alum and twothirds salt. After a thorough rubbing, sprinkle mixture over the skin to the depth of a quarter of an inch, then fold skin up carefully and put in a cel-lar or some tolerably damp place, where it should remain for ten or twelve days. At the end of this time take it out, and while moist stretch it tightly to an old door or a table of boards, being careful to tack it at every point and corner; now give it a hard rubbing with corn-meal for half an hour daily for four or five days. If corn-meal cannot be procured use perfectly dry sand, but be very careful to sift it so that only the finest may be used on the skin. By this rubbing the skin is made as soft as wished; the more it is rubbed the softer it will become.

Lynch Law Among Rats.

Leeds Evening Post In the neighborhood of Burley, the other day, a gentleman looking over a wall saw a dead hen in the field. Presently a rat ran up, snifled at the defunct fowl with much satisfaction, and went away in some haste. The onlooker, who is a student of natural history, knew what that meant, and removed the hen from the spot. In a minute or two the rat came back with balf a dozen friends, with the evident intention of removing the carcass for future use. Arrived at the spot where the fowl had lain the rat raised a lond squeak of astonishment at its absence. In a trice the other rats fell upon him so savagely that they lett him dead on the field as a warning not to play practical jokes with his friends.

Unkind Remark,

The result of Senator Turpie's violent attack on reciprocity is what usually happens when a decayed potato strikes a stone

Proposed Reduction in Second-Class Passenger Rates to California Points Will Not Be Put into Effect by the Atchison.

NEW YORK, June 11. - To-morrow's Tribune will say: "Negotiations, which have been going on for several weeks between parties representing the New York. New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company, and the holders of a majority of the stock of the Housatonic Railroad Company, terminated on Friday with the purchase of the latter, and consequent control of the railroad lines in Connecticut and Massachusetts, comprising the Housatonic system, by the New York & New Haven. The negotiations were carried out by J. Pierpont Morgan and William Rockafeller, in their own names, but there is no doubt that they were acting for the New Haven Company, and that their action will be ratified by the full board, if, indeed, it has not been already. This is the most important railroad deal that has been consummated in New England for many years. It not only adds 193 miles to the New York & New Haven system, but it strikes a rather decisive has been carried on with much bitterness and at great cost to both, between that road and the New York & New England. For several years the New York and the Housotonic have been in close alliance with each other in mutual hostility to the New Haven road, and have been making a combined effort to procure by legislation and otherwise a rival through line between Boston and New York, which should give the New England an entrance into this city and furnish new business and increased facilities to a part of the Housatonic system. The fight over this question in the Connecticut Legislature of 1859 was one of the bitterest and most prolonged ever known. Besides being enormously expensive to both, it was prolific of scandals on both sides. It was with a view to preventing the recurrence of such a contest, as well as of strengthening its own position. that the New Haven company some time ago determined to purchase the rival property as soon as reasonable terms could be

The Atchison Wavers. CHICAGO, June 11 .- It has been practically decided that the proposed reduction in second-class passenger rates to \$14.70, from the Missouri river to California points, will not go into effect June 15. Not that the Atchison people have given up their intention of making the reduction, but that they are disposed to give their competitors another opportunity to sign an agreement abolishing the payment of commissions in excess of the authorized amount on such traffic. It is well known that every effort is being made by other transcontinental roads to induce the Atchison to reconsider its resolution and keep the rate up to its present basis. The argument made is that such a reduction as that proposed would have a serious and widespread effect, masmuch as it would invariably involve first-class rates in a large territory. As no notice of the reduction has yet been filed with the Interstate-commerce Commission, there seems to be no doubt that the Atchison management has consented to delay action somewhat to allow the other roads to make up their minds what

they want to do.
It is hoved that some way will be found to prevent the reduction. If the other roads do not accept the Atchison's proposi-tion, they will probably agree upon a proposition to submit to the Atchison, which will be satisfactory to that road. The commissioners of the Western Traffic Association have been in session for several days, and this has been one of the questions under consideration. Their idea is that the best way out of the difficulty will be the establishment of a joint agency in New York to control the immigrant business for the roads west of the Missouri river, and by an equitable division of the traffic remove the inducement to pay exces-

sive commissions. Cheap Rate to Montana. CHICAGO, June 11 .- A decision was promulgated to-day by the commissioners of the Western Traffic Association on an application that has been made to them i regard to reduced rates agreed to by the Transmissouri Association for the national mining convention to be held at Helena, Mont., July 12. The question submitted was as to whether the Western roads were at liberty to use the one-fare rate for the round-trip rate as a basing rate for this occasion. The commissioners decided that

they were, and issued the necessary authority. Special Trains for Dems. CHICAGO June 11 .- The Michigan Contral railroad, in addition to arranging for extra equipment on its regular trains, to handle the extra business incident to the holding of the Democratic national convention in this city, has arranged for two special trains to bring the Tammany Hall party from New York, with which an exceptionally fast run will be made. This road will also bring a special train with the Connecticut delegation, another for the delegates from Michigan, and still another for the delegations and clubs from Maine, Vermont and New Hampshire.

New Coal Road to Chicago. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. DANVILLE, Ill., June 11.-Arrangements have just been completed to extend the Chicago & Obio River railroad from its

present northern terminus at Sidell, in this county, to Chicago. The new road will open up the best coal-fields in this county, which are now undeveloped on account of the high freight rates into Chicago. The road will cross the Wabash railroad at or near Fairmount. Losses by Fire. GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., June 11 .- Through

the carelessness of a stage carpenter who lit a match to see what was wrong with the gas-meter, Powers Opera-house, the largest theater in the city, was damaged to the extent of \$40,000 this afternoon, and the block in which it was situated will require \$20,000 more before it is repaired. Ed Warrington, the man who started the fire. turned off the gas before escaping. He was slightly burned. Several women were resened with difficulty from the upper stories of the block, the fire spreading with marvelous rapidity. CALAIS.Me., June 11 .- Fire started yester-

day afternoon along the line of the Houlton road, spreading rapidly in an easterly direction, and is now nearly to the line of the St. Croix & Penobscott railroad. Thus far all efforts to control it have been unavailing. Two to three miles of fine timber lands have been burned over. DENVER, Col., June 11 .- The People's Theater, a three-story stone building, was burned early this morning. The theater

valued at \$10,000, with an insurance of about \$25,000. BIRMINGHAM, Ala., June 11.-Fire this morning destroyed a number of business and dwelling-houses, a hotel and a furniture factory at Culman, Ala., an Italian colony, causing a loss of \$60,000; partially

was owned by ex-Senator labor, and was

CLEVELAND, June 11-Fire broke out in the W. P. Southworth company's wholesale and retail grocery, Nos. 114 to 118 Ontario street, this morning, causing a loss of about \$50,000; covered by insurance.

National Competitive Drill. OMAHA, June 11 .- The Sealey Rifles, of Galveston, Tex., arrived this morning, the advance guard of the military companies which will next week participate in the meeting of the National Competitive Drill Association. There were fifty-seven men in the contingent. This evening the Beiknap Ritles, of San Antonio, also arrived

BIG DEAL IN NEW ENGLAND ment of national guards ever held in America. The companies that will participate in the competitive drill come from Colorado, Indiana, Missonri, Arkansas, Texas, Ohio, Michigan, Nebraska, Ilinois, Ten-nessee, California and Washington, D. C. The New York & New Haven Railway

A CENT A MILE,

The "Zone" System of Passenger Travel by Rail.

Dr. Korosi, in Review of Reviews. Three years ago the rates of rail travel in Hungary were about the same as in the more thickly settled portions of the United States. The average fare was a trifle less than 2 cents per mile. With the beginning of August, 1889, the government railroads in Hungary, having a total length of nearly four thousand miles, adopted what is known as the zone system, and it was soon after also adopted by some of the privatelyowned and operated railroads. From Buda-Pesth as a center the country is divided into thirteen zones, each having an average breadth of a little more than ten miles, the limit of the outer one being 225 kilometers, or 140 miles distant, and all outside of that belonging to a fourteenth zone. The rate is 25 kreutzers (10 cents) per zone, but the longest distance that can be traveled within the state of Hungary, fully six hundred miles, can be covered for offorins, as against 28, which was charged for that long journey three years ago.
The uniform four-florin ticket (about \$1.60 will carry the passenger on any of the

Hungary lines from the center at Buda-Peath to any point outside the thirteenth zone. With the utilization of cheap steamboat connections the traveler can now ac-complish the long journey from the Ron-manian border all the way to the Adriatic sea, thence by water to Italy and by rail to Rome, for about one-fifth of the old-time charges. For the small-distance travelers, who wish to go simply from one station to the next inside of some includes a uniform ticket of 4 cents for one station and 6 cents for two stations. Besides this, workingmen in groups are carried at half the regular zone tariff prices. The new plan also does away with an enormous amount of red tape by making it possible to purchase railway tickets, like cigars, at any tobacco store, and requiring no formalities of stamping or punching. Nothing more is insisted on than that the purchaser shall record on the back of the The trip of 150 kilometers, or ninety-four miles, used to cost \$1.60, now it costs \$1. This great reform was conceived and estab-lished by the labors of Minister Baross,

and the event has abundantly justified his wisdom. In the last year of the old tariff | For 79 pairs of \$3 Curtains. 71,800 passengers were carried for each kilometer of distance (five-eighths of a mile.) The next year the average number rose to 124,000. Under the old system the average passenger traveled sixty-one kilometers; now the average journey has come down to forty-one, which fact indicates an enormous development of the traveling habit of people formerly accustomed to make journeys by rail only at interva s. Of course, the general prosperity of the country must be greatly increased by this wonderful augmentation of traveling, but the total revenue has also increased 30 or 40 per cent., though the receipts per pas-senger per mile have been cut down onethird. From less than \$4,000,000 the revenue has increased to fully \$5,000,000, and though the expenses have widened out in a somewhat corresponding ratio the net revenue shows an increase of about \$600,000

per annum. It is no wonder that the bringing about of this great economic change, with satisfactory results alike to the traveling public and the treasuries of the carrying lines, caused Von Baross to be profundly respected. Those owned by the government are paying better than ever before on a far cheaper service, so that the people are not called upon to pay in the shape of taxes for an improvement which benefits at the expense of the rest those who travel by rail. In this double respect the Hungarian railroad reform must be regarded as one of the most important of the century, and as certain to be widely copied in other countries. Why cannot we have a cheap zone system in the United States?

\_\_\_\_ A LITERARY EXPERIMENT. The Freak of a Person Bent on Improving Library Frequenters.

An exclamation of surprise burst from the lips of a young fellow who had been listlessly turning over the leaves of a vol-ume while standing in an aisle of a wellknown library a day or two ago. "What's the matter?" asked a companion who was standing near by. "You must have struck something rich. "Quite right," returned the former. What do you think of this?

At the same time the speaker exhibited a crisp ten-dollar bill of the most recent vintage. "You may not believe it," he re-marked, "but I just found this X between the covers of this book. A discussion of the lucky find followed. One of the young men then suggested that search of the volume might bring some explanation of the peculiar discovery.

The book was Samuel Smile's "Self Help," a series of addresses that are not read as often as they should be. Neatly folded in the place where the bill had been

hidden lay a note that had at first escaped the attention of the pair.
It was unfolded with tremulous fingers. Written in a querulous, unsteady hand were these surprising words:
"To the Finder-I place this note here in support of a fond idea of mine that it will

stimulate young men to read and digest works that should occupy their attention more frequently. I have pursued this same ethod with other works. The singular discovery of the note and the greenback had its apparent effect. After recovering from their astonishment, the young men began rummaging among the books, that they concluded were

Those in the library at the time, and for several hours afterward, were curiously watching occasionally a pair of young men running rapidly, but carefully, through the leaves of musty books.

At the end of a couple of honrs two weary fellows sat down and glanced disgustedly at each other. "I'm afraid we're looking in the wrong place," remarked the fortunate finder of the first greenback. "I guess that old codger has scattered these notes through the library. Let's give it up to-night and o out and have a good time on this money. It will help us to be more cultured."

For several days afterward these young fellows searched assiduously through the books. But their efforts met with pathetic failure. Whether the unknown philanthropist scattered the greenbacks through the library at random will perhaps not be known until some other individual accidentally turns another X. Some of the friends of the pair spoken of were taken into confidence on the plan of share and share alike. Since the afternoon referred to there has been a remarkable interest taken by young men in books on mental advancement and other things of that sort.

But they have skimmed through them with marvelous rapidity. The story of the unknown philanthropist loated to the ears of a reporter, and an excursion was at once made to the library in But the search was unsuccessful in a monetary way, although a discovery of an

interesting sort was made. In a volume of James Freeman Clark's 'Mental Culture" was the inscription: 'You are on the right path to an enviable intellectual state. Follow it up studiously. You will profit thereby." Perhaps it was the unknown benefactor

A JUST JUDGE. He Knocked Out His Man and Gave Him

His Money Back.

"When Senator Sanders, of Montana, first settled in the wilds of the then half civilized West," said one of the Ohio delegates en route to Minneapolis, "he was about the only well-educated man in that State. The miners and boys recognized that fact and elected him judge. In that capacity he soon became a terror to evil-doers, as he invariably imposed the beaviest sentence prescribed by law. "On one occasion a border ruffian was brought before him on a charge of assault and battery, entered a plea of guilty, and

gleam in his eye as he shambled forward, pulled a bag from his pocket, took from it two double eagles, and laid them on the bar before Judge Sanders. "The Judgeshoved one of the coins across the counter, remarking, You've made a

was fined \$20. The fellow had a dangerous

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pay for the fun. Just keep the other twenty, judge; I'm going to thrash another man.'
"Very well, sir,' quietly said Sanders. putting the coins into a drawer and turning the key. 'And you're the man I'm going to lick,'

continued the pugilistic prisoner, address-"As you please, sir,' was the calm response, as Sanders stepped from the bench.

The fellow made a most savage onslaught ppon the Judge, but Sanders ducked and before his antagonist could recover his equilibrium he received a blow on the ugular which sent him spinning half way across the room, where he fell as limp as a

"Two minutes later the erstwhile terror scrambled to his feet, looked about the room in a dazed manner, and slowly staggered toward the door. "'Here, sir!' thundered Sanders, who had resumed his place upon the bench. 'Come

"The thug obeyed. Sanders slowly counted out \$19.50 and shoved it across the bar. There's your change,' he remarked gravely. 'You didn't commit assault and battery. Under the circumstances I do not fee! justified in asking you to pay anything for your part of this performance. Of course, I am compelled to charge you for the actual time I have lost, Good afternoon. Call the next case."

Lynch Law in Algiers,

Pall Mall Gazette Lynch law has been practically estabhabed in Algeria, with the moral connivance of the authorities. This primitive state of things has been brought about owing to the lack of judges and gen-darmes. The other day an Arab who had assaulted and slain a little girl near Constantine, under circumstances of atrocious cruelty, was tollowed by some of his indignant fellowcountrymen, seized by them and flung over a precipice before the police could inter-fere. In the space of eighteen months eight criminals, some of whom were convicts returning from Cayenne, have been shot for murder and robbery without the benefit of trial by jury.

The Way of the Papa.

Atchison Globe The further away a man gets from his baby, the more he praises its good behavior.

TWO MEN WAYLAID.

That Is the Story Told by Joseph and B. K. Kennedy at the Hospital.

At 1 o'clock this morning two men were

taken to the City Hospital in a badly used up condition. One man's leg was broken and he was otherwise injured, while the other was more or less injured. The man whose injuries were the most severe gave his name as B. K. Kennedy, and the other as Joseph Kennedy, his brother. Two men accompanied them to Hospital, but left without City giving their names. At first the men said they had been injured by accident, but when one of the physicians in charge discovered that B. K. Kennedy's coat was cut almost in shreds in the back they condescended to give other information. The Kennedys' tale was to the effect that they were set upon by a gang of ten or twelve men at the Fall-creek bridge and were severely beaten. Mr. Reid is being ratified here to-night in grand style. On the square is a bon-fire, carrying more light to Democrate than they have seen for ten years past. S. G.

Worse than the Measles.

Special to the Indianspoins Journal.

Special

-THE-

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The Journal is first of all a newspaper. Its primary object is to publish the news. and to secure this it spares no pains of expense. Besides the service of two great news agencies, which cover foreign countries as well as the entire United States, it has a corps of Special Correspondents, who give attention to those events and occurrences that are likely to be of particular interest to the Indiana public. Its Washington bureau was established for the purpose of looking after matters in which the State and its people are concerned, and is under the management of an Indiana man well acquainted with the local business and political issues. It has a correspondent in every town of importance in the State, and is constantly increasing its facilities for obtaining information from every quarter. Its staff of city reporters is large, and its local departments are unexcelled. As a news paper it is far better equipped than any other in the State, and welcomes comparison with its contemporaries in any and all of its departments. With all it endeavors to be accurate and trustworthy, printing the news, whatever it may be, without personal or partisan

bias. But while the Journal is non-partisan as to news, it is a Republican paper, and sets forth Republican principles. It is important that the people shall read the truth about these principles, and it was with the object of putting everybody in the way of doing so that the price of the

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